

## Terahertz Shapiro Steps in High Temperature SNS Josephson Junctions

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We have studied the far infrared behavior of high- $T_c$  superconductor-normal metal-superconductor (SNS) micro-bridges with  $T_c > 8.5$  K and critical current-resistance products ( $I_c R_N$ ) as high as 10 mV at 4 K. These are the highest  $I_c R_N$  products reported to date for microfabricated Josephson junctions of any material. The junctions were integrated at the feeds of planar log-periodic antennas made from Au thin films. The junctions had dc normal state resistances  $R_N$  between 6 and 38  $\Omega$ , reasonably well matched to the antenna's estimated RF impedance of 53  $\Omega$ . Far infrared laser radiation at 404, 760, and 992 GHz induced distinct Shapiro steps (i.e. constant voltage steps at voltages  $n(hf/2e)$ ,  $n = 1, 2, \dots$ ) in the current voltage characteristics as well as modulation of the critical current. Steps were observed at voltages up to 17 mV and 6 mV, at temperatures of 9 K and 57 K, respectively. This corresponds to maximum Josephson oscillation frequencies of 8 and 3 THz at these temperatures. These are the first far infrared measurements performed on high  $T_c$  junctions. Measurements of the power, frequency, and temperature dependence of the Shapiro steps are presented and discussed in the context of a resistively and capacitively shunted junction (RCSJ) model. A value of 4.5 fF for the junction capacitance is inferred from the hysteresis of the slightly underdamped current-voltage characteristics.

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